## Use of pharmacological agents to aid management of ejaculatory and behavioral dysfunctions in stallions

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Select stallions referred for ejaculatory failure and behavioral abnormalities that benefited from

pharmacological agents and other ancillary treatments are described herein.

Relevant history	Observation	Adjustments	Medications
Case1.17yr QH.	High libido, multiple	AV temp, pressure, lubrica-	Phenylbutazone 1g,
Hemospermia and	mounts, ejaculatory fail-	tion, phantom, height.	PO, q24h,
PU surgery, last col-	ure (ALP <100 UI/L).	Transrectal ultrasound not	Imipramine 1.5g
lected 8 yrs. ago		obstructed	PO, 1-1.5 h
Case 2. 6yr QH,	Overweight, high libido,	Lip chain, diet, controlled-	Imipramine 1.5g
HYPP+, aggressive	aggressive on phantom),	exercised, change collec-	PO, 1-1.5 h
live cover.	pharyngeal collapse,	tion time & bedding pre-	
	urospermia.	collection	
Case 3. 13yr APP.	Low libido, no interest	Changed teasing mare, teas-	20mg diazepam IV
Show horse, live	for estrus mare or phan-	ing approach no success	5 min after teasing
covered 1 mare 5 yrs.	tom		
prior			
Case 4. 11 yr. PH., 4	No libido on phantom or	Multiple teaser mares, pre-	20mg midazolam 10
yr. history of unsuc-	estrus mare, no penile	ferred bay pregnant mare	min after teasing
cessful collections	exposure. Not trained to		
	phantom		
Case 5. 7 yr. STB.	Excellent libido, striking	Responsive to management,	25mg midazolam,
Racing, retired 2 yrs.,	and kicking behavior, no	fully erect, but still refused	IV
orphan, overly ag-	previous breeding expe-	to mount the phantom	
gressive	rience		
Case 6. 14 yr. QH.	Poor libido, incomplete	Changed teasing, penis	1g imipramine PO
Incomplete ejacula-	collections, trained to	washing & teasing next to	1h before collection,
tion, low libido	the phantom	the phantom	7 mg of midazolam

All stallions here were successfully collected after the adjustments and described medication. In some cases, a combination of different drugs was used to collect. Case 1, phenylbutazone was used for suspected orthopedic pain in combination with imipramine, a tricyclic drug known to decrease the threshold for ejaculation (cases 1 and 6) and to promote closure of the bladder neck (case 2). Benzodiazepine (diazepam and midazolam), anxiolytics and anti-depressants were used to promote libido (cases 3,4,6) and to decrease anxiety in a high libido horse stallion (case 6) afraid to mount, either due to previous bad handling experiences or punishments. We foresee that the discussion of the present case series will be of interest as continuing education for clinicians and trainees.